

Determine Eligibility for Certification Based on Origin and Destination

If the commodities are from:	And are being exported:	Then:
The U.S. or affiliated islands ¹	To a foreign country Interstate via Canada	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. CONSIDER eligible for PPQ Form 577 or PPQ Form 578 2. Go to <i>Eligibility Based on Protected Status</i> on page 3-3-5
	To the U.S. or affiliated islands	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. CONSIDER ineligible for a certificate 2. REFER applicant to the State or affiliated island's plant regulatory agency for certification using a State export certificate 3. EXIT this manual
A foreign country ^{2, 3}	To a foreign country Interstate via Canada	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. CONSIDER eligible for PPQ Form 577, PPQ Form 578, or PPQ Form 579 2. Go to <i>Eligibility Based on Protected Status</i> on page 3-3-5
	To the U.S. or affiliated islands	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. CONSIDER ineligible for a certificate 2. REFER applicant to the State, country, or affiliated island's plant regulatory agency for certification using a State export certificate 3. EXIT this manual

- 1 Islands associated with the United States but not fully integrated as a state (i.e., American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands).
- 2 Only foreign origin commodities that have entered U.S. commerce are eligible for reexport certification. Commodities transiting the U.S. are ineligible.
- 3 If the commodity is of foreign origin but did not require a phytosanitary certificate to make entry into the U.S., if eligible for phytosanitary certification, and all foreign import requirements have been met, a PPQ Form 577 should be issued with country of origin listed in block 13, Place of Origin.

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